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10/736,632	12/17/2003	Carlos Manzanares	47092.00138	3840
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8000 TOWERS CRESCENT DRIVE 14TH FLOOR VIENNA, VA 22182-2700			AHMED, SALMAN	
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			2619	
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			04/29/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/736,632	MANZANARES, CARLOS				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	SALMAN AHMED	2619				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2/28/3	2008.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	ce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-3,6-12,16 and 21-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 4, 5, 13-15 and 17-20 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 17 December 2003 is/are: a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-24 are pending.

Claims 1-3, 6-12, 16 and 21-24 are rejected.

Claims 4, 5, 13-15 and 17-20 are objected to

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 7, 9-11 and 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Park et al. (US PAT PUB 2002/0006779, hereinafter Park).

In regards to claim 1, Park anticipates controlling a mobile communications network by a hierarchical radio network operations system (FIG. 1 is a functional block diagram illustrating a configuration of an apparatus for managing a mobile communication network in an IMT-2000 system) with at least one radio network operations system (Figure 1, Control station 300) on a subordinate level and a radio network operations system (Figure 1, TMN network management center 100) on a superior level wherein the controlling comprises initiating a controlling action on the part of the radio network operations system on the superior level (section 0049, TMN network management center 100 transfers the CMISE service executive instruction i.e. initiates a controlling action), generating a call for data depending on the controlling

action (section 0053, generating the CMISE service executive instruction being the state information collection command), forwarding the call to at least one of the radio network operations systems on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action, - providing data on the part of the radio network operations system on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action in response to the call, and - forwarding the data to the radio network operations system on the superior level (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)).

In regards to claim 10, Park anticipates at least one radio network operations system (Figure 1, Control station 300) on a subordinate level, a radio network operations system (Figure 1, TMN network management center 100) on a superior level, an initiator (paragraph 0047, inherently the CMISE service executive instruction generator that initiates CMISE service executive instruction) that is part of the radio network operations system on the superior level configured to initiate a controlling action (section 0049, TMN network management center 100 transfers the CMISE service executive instruction i.e. initiates a controlling action), a call generator (paragraph 0047, inherently the CMISE service executive instruction generator that generates CMISE service executive instruction) configured to generate a call for data depending on the controlling action (section 0053, generating the CMISE service

executive instruction being the state information collection command), a first interface between radio network operations system on the subordinate level and radio network operations system on the superior level (Figure 1, bi-directional arrows (first interface) connecting, TMN Network Management Center 100 and control station 300 via TMN Repeater 200) configured to forward the call to at least one of the radio network operations systems on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action and to forward data to the radio network operations system on the superior level (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)).and a first provider (Figure 7, element S2-5-3, inherently the associated element that transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100) that is part of the radio network operations system on the subordinate level configured to provide data in response to the call (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)).

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In regards to claims 2 and 11 Park anticipates an executor (Inherently, the element that executes the method of Figure 6B element S2-6) to execute the controlling action based on the retrieved data (section 0062, the TMN network management center 100 manages the pertinent control station 300 and the pertinent base station 400 by means of the TMN method i.e. execute controlling action, upon receiving the state information concerning the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 or the sub blocks 402 within the pertinent base station 400 from the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 (S2-6)).

In regards to claim 7, Park anticipates the data demanded depending on the controlling action comprise network elements parameters and/or network resources parameters of the radio network on the subordinate level (section 0011, state information, such as configuration, fault, performance, statistics, etc.).

In regards to claims 9 and 21 Park anticipates radio network operations system on a subordinate level is an operations system configured to manage a regional radio network (Figure 1 and section 0026, each of control stations 300 manages multiple base stations 400 i.e. manages regional radio network).

In regards to claim 22 Park anticipates at least one radio network operations system on a subordinate level (Figure 1, Control station 300); a radio network operations system on a superior level (Figure 1, TMN network management center 100), initiating means being part of the radio network operations system on the superior level for initiating a controlling action (section 0049, TMN network management center 100 transfers the CMISE service executive instruction i.e. initiates a controlling action);

call generating means for generating a call for data depending on the controlling action (section 0053, generating the CMISE service executive instruction being the state information collection command); a first interface between radio network operations system on the subordinate level and radio network operations system on the superior level (Figure 1, bi-directional arrows (first interface) connecting, TMN Network Management Center 100 and control station 300 via TMN Repeater 200) for forwarding the call to at least one of the radio network operations systems on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action and for forwarding data to the radio network operations system on the superior level (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)), and first providing means being part of the radio network operations system on the subordinate level for providing data in response to the call (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)).

In regards to claim 23 Park anticipates a first interface between a radio network operations system on a subordinate level and a radio network operations system on a superior level (Figure 1, bi-directional arrows (first interface) connecting, TMN Network Management Center 100 and control station 300 via TMN Repeater 200) configured to forward a call for data (section 0049, TMN network management center 100 transfers the CMISE service executive instruction i.e. initiates a controlling action) which depends on a controlling action to at least one of the radio network operations systems on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)) and to forward data to the radio network operations system on the superior level (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)), wherein data is provided in response to the call through the radio network operations system on the subordinate level (Figure 6B element S2-6, to execute the controlling action based on the retrieved data; section 0062, the TMN network management center 100

manages the pertinent control station 300 and the pertinent base station 400 by means of the TMN method i.e. execute controlling action, upon receiving the state information concerning the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 or the sub blocks 402 within the pertinent base station 400 from the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 (S2-6)).

In regards to claim 24 Park anticipates forwarding a call for data section 0049, TMN network management center 100 transfers the CMISE service executive instruction i.e. initiates a controlling action) which depends on a controlling action (Figure 6B element S2-6, to execute the controlling action based on the retrieved data; section 0062, the TMN network management center 100 manages the pertinent control station 300 and the pertinent base station 400 by means of the TMN method i.e. execute controlling action, upon receiving the state information concerning the subblocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 or the sub blocks 402 within the pertinent base station 400 from the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 (S2-6)), using a first interface between a radio network operations system on a subordinate level and a radio network operations system on a superior level (Figure 1, bi-directional arrows (first interface) connecting, TMN Network Management Center 100 and control station 300 via TMN Repeater 200), to at least one of the radio network operations systems on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action (paragraph 0049, the TMN network management center 100 transfers the CMISE service executive instruction to the TMN repeater 201 within the BSM 200 (S2-1)) and to forward data to the radio network operations system on the superior level; and

providing data in response to the call through the radio network operations system on the subordinate level (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 3 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Park as applied to claims 1 and 10 above and further in view of Configuration Management; 3G configuration management; Concept and main requirements (3GPP TS 32.600 version 4.0.0 Release 4), hereinafter 3GPP TS 32.600) and Sabat Jr. et al. (US PAT PUB 2001/0037395, hereinafter Sabat).

In regards to claims 3 and 12 Park teaches receiving data by the radio network operations system on the superior level from at least one of the radio network operations systems on the subordinate level (section 0053, If the CMISE service executive instruction is the state information collection command in the S2-4, the local

TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 performs the state information collection operation as to the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 thereof or as to the sub blocks within the pertinent base station 400, and then transfers the result to the TMN network management center 100 (S2-5)).

Park does not explicitly teach (an exporter is part of the radio network operations system) exporting the retrieved data by the radio network operations system on the subordinate level.

3GPP TS 32.600 teaches exporting the retrieved data by the radio network operations system on the subordinate level (page 17 section 6.2.2. In addition to being able to provide information on request, the NE is required to have the capability of reporting i.e. export notifications about changed/removed information autonomously. Generally this will be performed when some information on the state or operation of the system has changed. The following shall be supported: The following type of events shall be notified to the NM, if enabled by the NM (these three notification types may be enabled/disabled separately by the NM): 1. Object creation/deletion; 2. Attribute value change; 3. State change)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Park's teaching to incorporate the steps of exporting the retrieved data by the radio network operations system on the subordinate level as suggested by 3GPP TS 32.600. The motivation is that it is advantageous to adapt to known standards for implementation of Network Management System (NMS) based communication for following reason: Companies actively involved in adhering to

standards more frequently reap short- and long-term cost-savings and competitive benefits than those that do not. Standardization can lead to lower transaction costs in the economy as a whole, as well as to savings for individual businesses. Standards have a positive effect on the buying power of companies. Standards can help businesses avoid dependence on a single supplier because the availability of standards the market. The result is a broader choice opens uр for businesses and increased competition among suppliers. Companies also have increased confidence in the quality and reliability of suppliers who use standards. In addition, standards are used by businesses to exert market pressure on companies further down the value chain, i.e., their clients. Thus, businesses can use standards to broaden their potential markets.

Park and 3GPP TS 32.600 do not explicitly teach an importer or a retriever that is part of the radio network operations system importing/retrieving the data by the radio network operations system on the superior level, and (data memory is part of radio network operations system) storing the imported data to data memory in the radio network operations system on the superior level.

Sabat in the same field of endeavor teaches an importer or a retriever that is part of the radio network operations system importing/retrieving the data by the radio network operations system on the superior level, and (data memory is part of radio network operations system) storing the imported data to data memory in the radio network operations system on the superior level (section 0015, the open network management system also provides a facility whereby information to which common

access is needed maybe cached or accessed through database queries. In particular, the open access NMS can autonomously initiate queries (import/retrieve status information, and query generator satisfies the limitations of importer/retriever) to the open access system elements to determine status information, and then place (store) this information in its own database (memory)).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Park and 3GPP TS 32.600's teaching to incorporate the steps of importing/retrieving the data by the radio network operations system on the superior level, and storing the imported data to data memory in the radio network operations system on the superior level as suggested by Sabat. The motivation is that (as suggested by Sabat section 0015) this serves two purposes. First, when an SNMP request message is received from a tenant NMS, the local database can be queried for the information rather than sending request messages out to the system elements. This prevents unnecessary network traffic when a different tenant NMS's are making queries for common information such as, for example, fault states, temperature information and the like which should be sharable among the various system operators. A second benefit is provided in that relatively large amounts of data can be passed to the tenant NMS without crating correspondingly large amounts of traffic on the internal open access system communication network.

5. Claims 6, 8 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Park as applied to claims 1 and 10 above and further in view of 3GPP TS 32.600.

In regards to claim 6 Park teaches controller for controlling a configuration of radio network elements and/or radio network resources (a controller, is the element that executes the method of Figure 6B element S2-6) to execute the controlling action based on the retrieved data; section 0062, the TMN network management center 100 manages the pertinent control station 300 and the pertinent base station 400 by means of the TMN method i.e. execute controlling action, upon receiving the state information concerning the sub blocks 302 within the pertinent control station 300 or the sub blocks 402 within the pertinent base station 400 from the local TMN repeater 301 within the pertinent control station 300 (S2-6)).

Park does not explicitly teach a monitor for monitoring configuration of radio network elements and/or radio network resources.

3GPP TS 32.600 in the same field of endeavor teaches the system monitoring service component (a monitor) provides the operator with the ability to receive reports (on request or spontaneously) on the configuration of the entire network or parts of it from managed NEs. These consist of structure, states, versions employed and data settings. The NE sends spontaneous reports if there was an autonomous change of, for example, the states or other values due to Fault Management (FM) actions (page 13 section 5.2).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Park's teaching to incorporate the teachings of monitoring configuration of radio network elements and/or radio network resources as suggested by 3GPP TS 32.600. The motivation is that it is advantageous to adapt to known

standards for implementation of Network Management System (NMS) based communication for following reason: Companies actively involved in adhering to standards more frequently reap short- and long-term cost-savings and competitive benefits than those that do not. Standardization can lead to lower transaction costs in the economy as a whole, as well as to savings for individual businesses. Standards have a positive effect on the buying power of companies. Standards can help businesses avoid dependence on a single supplier because the availability of standards up the market. The result is a broader choice for businesses opens and increased competition among suppliers. Companies also have increased confidence in the quality and reliability of suppliers who use standards. In addition, standards are used by businesses to exert market pressure on companies further down the value chain, i.e., their clients. Thus, businesses can use standards to broaden their potential markets.

In regards to claim 8, Park does not explicitly teach the data demanded depending on the controlling action comprise topology data of the radio network on the subordinate level.

3GPP TS 32.600 in the same field of endeavor teaches The system monitoring service component provides the operator with the ability to receive reports (on request or spontaneously) on the configuration of the entire network (topology) or parts of it from managed NEs. These consist of structure, states, versions employed and data settings (page 13 section 5.2).

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Park's teaching to incorporate the teachings of the data demanded depending on the controlling action comprise topology data of the radio network on the subordinate level as suggested by 3GPP TS 32.600. The motivation is that it is advantageous to adapt to known standards for implementation of Network Management System (NMS) based communication for following reason: Companies actively involved in adhering to standards more frequently reap short- and long-term cost-savings and competitive benefits than those that do not. Standardization can lead to lower transaction costs in the economy as a whole, as well as to savings for individual businesses. Standards have a positive effect on the buying power of companies. Standards can help businesses avoid dependence on a single supplier because the availability of standards opens up the market. The result is a broader choice for businesses and increased competition among suppliers. Companies also have increased confidence in the quality and reliability of suppliers who use standards. In addition, standards are used by businesses to exert market pressure on companies further down the value chain, i.e., their clients. Thus, businesses can use standards to broaden their potential markets.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 4, 5, 13-15 and 17-20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments see pages 13-19 of the Remarks section, filed 2/28/2008, with respect to the rejections of the claims have been fully considered and are not persuasive.

Applicant argues in page 16 paragraph 3 that the Examiner's interpretation is not consistent, since the control station (300) cannot be interpreted as a radio network operation system on a subordinate level. Applicant adds according to paragraph [0004] of the U.S. publication document of the present application, configuration management actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual configuration on network elements and network resources. In contrast thereto, the control station (300) disclosed in Park merely seems to serve as information provider for generating state information about a configuration. However, Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant's assertion. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). As such Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant's assertion that Park fails to disclose or suggest, at least, "controlling a mobile communications network by a hierarchical radio network operations system with at least one radio network operations system on a subordinate level and a radio network operations system on a superior level," as recited in claims 1 and similarly recited in claim 10.

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Applicant argues in page 17 paragraph 2 that there is no teaching or suggestion that indicates that the control stations (300) form a radio network operation system on a subordinate level. Park does not provide any incentive or motivation to replace the single level control of the network management centre (100) by a hierarchical level as claimed in the present application. However, Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant's assertion. Again, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). As such Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant's assertion that Park fails to disclose or suggest, in part, "generating a call for data depending on the controlling action, forwarding the call to at least one of the radio network operations systems on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action, and providing data on the part of the radio network operations system on the subordinate level affected by the controlling action in response to the call," as recited in claim 1 and similarly recited in claim 10.

Claims 2, 3, 7, 9, 12 and 21 are not patentable for the same reasons cited above.

Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. Further, they do not show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SALMAN AHMED whose telephone number is (571)272-8307. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edan Orgad can be reached on (571) 272-7884. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SA Salman Ahmed Examiner
Art Unit 2619

/Edan Orgad/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2619 Application Number

Application/Control No. 10/736,632		Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination	
		MANZANARES, CARLOS	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	SALMANI AHMED	2610	